1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identity
Product Name: SYNPOWER SUPER CONC FUEL INJ 12/16 OZ
General or Generic ID: GASOLINE ADDITIVE

Company
The Valvoline Company
P.O. Box 14000
Lexington, KY 40512

Telephone Numbers
Emergency: 1-800-274-5263
Information: 1-859-357-7206

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient(s)</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>% (by weight)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KEROSENE</td>
<td>8008-20-6</td>
<td>85.0-95.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GASOLINE PERFORMANCE ADDITIVE</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.0-15.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

Eye
Can cause eye irritation. Additional symptoms of eye exposure may include: blurred vision

Skin
May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry and crack the skin.

Swallowing
Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation
Breathing of vapor or mist is possible.

Symptoms of Exposure
stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness), and death.

Target Organ Effects
No data
Developmental Information
No data

Cancer Information
In a National Toxicology Program (NTP) study, lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene resulted in increases in tumors of the nose in rats. In a previous NTP study, lifetime exposure to naphthalene caused lung tumors in female mice. Male mice with the same exposure did not develop tumors. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain. Naphthalene is not listed as carcinogenic by IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), NTP, or OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration). This product (or a component) is a petroleum-derived material. Similar materials and certain compounds occurring naturally in petroleum oils have been shown to cause skin cancer in laboratory animals following repeated exposure without washing or removal.

Other Health Effects
No data

Primary Route(s) of Entry
Inhalation, Skin contact.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes
If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

Skin
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing
Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation
If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Note to Physicians
This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 3 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin.
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point
> 120.0 °F (48.8 °C) PMCC

Explosive Limit
No data

Autoignition Temperature
No data

Hazardous Products of Combustion
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards
Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

Extinguishing Media
regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions
Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating
Health - 1, Flammability - 2, Reactivity - 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill
Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and transfer to hood.

Large Spill
Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required.
Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five gallon pails and larger metal containers including tank cars and tank trucks should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred.

Storage
Not applicable

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection
Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin Protection
Wear resistant gloves such as: neoprene, nitrile rubber, To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots..

Respiratory Protections
If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (See Exposure Guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (consult your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls
Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Exposure Guidelines
Component
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KEROSENE (8008-20-6)
No exposure limits established
GASOLINE PERFORMANCE ADDITIVE
No exposure limits established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point
(for component) > 300.0°F (148.8°C) @ 760.00 mmHg

Vapor Pressure
Specific Vapor Density
No data

Specific Gravity
.780 - .830 @ 77.00 F

Liquid Density
6.940 lbs/gal @ 77.00 F
.800 kg/l @ 25.00 C

Percent Volatiles (Including Water)
No data

Evaporation Rate
SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance
CLEAR

State
LIQUID

Physical Form
No data

Color
AMBER

Odor
No data

pH
No data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability
Stable.

Incompatibility
Avoid contact with: strong oxidizing agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Management Information
Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101
DOT Description:
Not Regulated

Container/Mode:
CASES/SURFACE - COMBUSTIBLE EXCEPTION

NOS Component:
KEROSENE
ISOPROPYLBENZENE

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101
Product Quantity (lbs) Component

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS)</td>
<td>40193</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status
TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4
None

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A
None

Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2
Immediate(X) Delayed(X) Fire(X) Reactive( ) Sudden Release of Pressure( )

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65
None

International Regulations

Inventory Status
DSL (CANADA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
State and Local Regulations
California Proposition 65
None

New Jersey RTK Label Information
KEROSENE 8008-20-6

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information
KEROSINE (PETROLEUM) 8008-20-6

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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